## al-Farabi Kazakh National University Faculty of Chemistry and Chemical Technology Department of Physical Chemistry, Catalysis and Petrochemistry 5B072100 – Chemical technology of organic substances Syllabus

## Autumn semester 2020-2021 Academic year

## Academic course information

Discipline's	Discipline's title	Number of hours			ECTS	IWST	
code	micron more	IWS	Lect.	Pract.	Lab.	stips result	made 15
OHT 3216	General chemical technology	68	15	0	60	5	7
Lecturer	Kudaibergenov Nu PhD	Nurbolat Zharylkasynuly		Office hours		Scheduled	
e-mail	n.zh.kudaibergenov	w@gmail.com	NE PERM	(e)e m	Or president	1. E E E E	
Telephone number	8 701 381 52 91			Auditory		306	

Academic presentation of the course	Type of course «General chemical technology» is a basic component in the bachelor educational program for specialty "5B072100 – Chemical technology of organic substances".  Aim of course: acquaintance with general laws of chemical technology, the most typical chemical-technological processes, reactors and chemical-technological systems (CTS), as well as with the basics of chemical technology in a number of industries and water treatment.  As a result of studying of discipline the student will be capable:  - to describe and outline the main regularities of chemical technology, the most important chemical industries, as well as the raw, energy and environmental problems of the chemical industry;  - to use the scientific knowledge for calculation procedure and projection of chemical technology;  - to explain the major chemical productions in individual or group educational and research activity, to conduct independently the searching and the analysis of
	knowledge of chemical and technological processes;  - to generalize, interpret and estimate the received results of tutoring (for example, when performing laboratory works and IWS) in the context of discipline;  - to analyze and justify the optimal parameters of technological processes;  - to make a material and energy balance of chemical-technological processes and estimate the raw, energy resources and ways of their rational and integrated use.
Prerequisites	Physical chemistry, organic chemistry, fundamental processes and devices of chemical technology
Post requisites	Profile and special disciplines.
References and	1. Vassilina G.K. General Chemical technology. Educational Manual Almaty:
Resources	Qazaq university, 2017 130 p.  2. Beskov V.S. General chemical technology. Textbook for high schools M .: Akademkniga, 2005 452 p.  3. Seitmagzimova G.M. General Chemical Technology: textbook Almaty : Association of Higher Educational Institutions of Kazakhstan, 2016 291 p.  4. Kutepov A.I., Bondarev T.I., Berengarten M.N. General Chemical Engineering M.: Academkniga, 2004 528 p.

	пособие / В. А. Авер С. Бескова М.: БИЛ 6. Kairbekov J.K., Ав	ъянов, С.А.Баташов, Н. I НОМ. Лаб. знаний, 2014 ubakirov E.A., Tashmuham ractical work on General Ch	ической технологии: учеб. П. Белова и др.]; под ред. В. 278 с. betova Zh.Kh., Myltykbaeva emical Technology – Almaty:	
Academic	Academic Behaviour			
policy of the course in the context of university moral and ethical values	Compulsory attendance Without advance not estimated at 0 points. I midterm control, labor violation of submission. The students who not less than 50% of point to the additional scheda good reason, fulfill assistant, after the admeverything types of assessment activity and Academic values:  Academic honesty are inadmissibility of plag control, and disrespes Student's honor)  Be tolerant, respect for Plagiarism and other writing off are inadmismal examination, con examination for other	e in the classroom, the imperice of absence and undue Submission of assignments (ratory tasks, projects and etch deadlines leads to the dedu handed over the next task of ts, have opportunity to fulfillule. The students who have them in an extra time in this sion of the teacher. The students of attendance of students is conditionally independent programs, forgery, cheating at ctful attitude towards teachers of dishonest work are issible during delivery of Ivpying of the solved tasks to student. The student convergence of the student of the student of the student convergence of the solved tasks to student. The student convergence of the solved tasks to student. The student convergence of the solved tasks to student. The student convergence of the solved tasks to student. The student convergence of the solved tasks to student. The student convergence of the solved tasks to student.	rmissibility of late attendance. It tardiness to the teacher is Independent work of students, it.) prior to the deadlines. The ction of penalty points. In have got for its performance of the specified task according skipped laboratory classes for the presence of the laboratory adents who haven't performed examination. Besides, at an onsidered during occupations. The code of KazNU formulate in a correct form. It is unacceptable. The help and WS, intermediate control and by other persons, passing an victed of falsification of anythe Intranet, using cribs, will	
1.6.000	receive a total assessm	ent of «F».	me maner, using chos, win	
Evaluation and attestation policy	<b>Criteria-based evaluation:</b> assessment of learning outcomes in correlation with descriptors (verification of competence formation during midterm control and examinations). <b>Summative evaluation:</b> evaluation of the presence and activity of the work in the classroom; assessment of the assignment, independent work of students, The formula for calculating the final grade: Your total assessment will be calculated by a formula: $Total - assessment - on - discipline = (BC1 + ME + BC2) * 0.6 + FE * 0.4$			
	Minimum estimates as	a percentage are given below	v·	
	95% - 100%: A	90% - 94%: A-	V.	
	85% - 89%: B+	80% - 84%: B	75% - 79%: B-	
	70% - 74%: C+	65% - 69%: C	60% - 64%: C-	
	55% - 59%: D+	03/0-03/0.	0070 - 04%0: C-	

## Calendar (schedule) the implementation of the course content:

Week / date	students)	Number of hours	Max.
1	Lecture 1. Introduction. Importance and development of the chemical industry in Kazakhstan. Structure and functional elements of chemical		

	production. The technical and economic indicators.		
	<b>Laboratory 1:</b> Introduction to safety in the laboratory and distribution	2	1
	of the work 1) Technology of production of sulfur dioxide calcination		
	pyrites; 2) Technology of production of nitric acid.		
2	Lecture 2. Chemical, schematic and technological schemes. The	1	
	essence and methods of compiling material and energy balances.		
	<b>Independent work of student with teacher (IWST):</b> Consultation on	1	
	the implementation of the IWS 1		
	Laboratory 2: Calculation of consumption coefficients. Letting the	2	1:
	theoretical part of the work on the graduation of the rheometer and		
_	gasometer.		4
3	Lecture 3. Raw materials in the chemical industry. Types and stocks	1	1 . 10
	of raw materials. Minerals concentration.		
_	Laboratory 3: Calculation and preparation of working solutions.	2	1:
4	Lecture 4. The water in the chemical industry. Industrial water	1	
	treatment. Water Purification.	2	
	Laboratory 4: Calculation of the techno-economic indicators of	2	15
	chemical production. Graduations gasometer.		
	<b>IWST:</b> Submission and defence of IWS 1. Water as a raw material and	1	25
	an auxiliary component of production. Sources of water. Industrial		
_	water treatment.		
5	Lecture 5. Energy in the chemical industry. Types of energy.	1	
	Secondary energy resources. Energy problems in the chemical industry		
	and their solutions.		-
	Laboratory 5: Calculation of the techno-economic indicators of	2	15
	chemical production. Calibrating of rheometer.  BC1		10
6			10
U	Lecture 6. Catalytic processes. Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis.	1	
	Laboratory 6: Preparation of catalysts (aluminosilicate, contact acid,	2	12
	Raney nickel).	2	13
	IWST: Consultation on the implementation of the IWS 2	1	-
7	Lecture 7. The classification of fuels. Methods of processing of solid	1	
	fuels (gasification, carbonization).	1	
	The device coke ovens. Processing of coke oven gas.		
	Laboratory 7: Collect and check the tightness of installation. Analysis	2	13
1.63	of raw material.		10
8	Lecture 8. The composition and properties of oil and oil products.	1	
	Preparation of oil for processing. Primary methods of refining.		
	Laboratory 8. Calculation of homogeneous and heterogeneous	2	13
	chemical processes. Production of hydrogen for the hydrogenation of		
	fats.		
	IWST: Submission and defence of IWS 2. Calculation of heat balance.	1	23
	Lecture 9. Secondary methods of oil refining. Thermal and catalytic	1	
9	cracking of oil products. Cleaning of oil.		
	Laboratory 9: Calculation of heterogeneous catalytic processes.	2	13
10	Lecture 10. Technology of organic substances. Organic synthesis	1	
	industry, its value, raw material base. Syntheses based on carbon		
	monoxide. Production of methyl alcohol. Physico-chemical basis of the		
	process. Technological scheme. The catalysts of the process.		1

	calcination pyrites and production of nitric acid. Midterm exam		
	IWST: Consultation on the implementation of the IWS 3		
	ME	1	100
11	Lecture11.Productionofethanol.Physical-chemicalbasisoftheprocess.Conditions and process flow scheme	1	
	Laboratory 11: Calculation of the material balance of the reactor of ideal displacement. Carrying out the production of sulfur dioxide calcination pyrites and production of nitric acid.	2	13
12	<b>Lecture 12.</b> Production and processing of acetylene. Production of acetylene by wet method. Using of acetylene.	1	
	Laboratory 12: Calculation of the cascade of reactors and determination of steps. Analysis of the products.	2	13
	IWST: Consultation on the implementation of the IWS 3	1	
13	Lecture 13. Production of pulp	1	
	Laboratory 13: Calculation of the material balance of production of alcohols. Compilation of the material balance of the process. Comparison of the composition of raw materials and product.	2	13
14	<b>Lecture 14.</b> The production of plastics. Production of polyethylene and others polymer. Process parameters. Catalysts.	1	
	<b>Laboratory 14:</b> Calculation of the material balance of the production of acetylene. Letting results. Compiling tables and drawing a graph.	2	13
	<b>IWST:</b> Submission and defence of IWS 3. Calculation of technical and economic indicators.	1	23
15	Lecture 15. Production of rubber	1	
	Laboratory 15: A final report on laboratory work.	2	25
	BC2		100

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Chairman of the Faculty Methodical Council

Head of the Department

Lecturer

Tassibekov H.S.

Mangazbayeva R.A.

Aubakirov E.A.

Kudaibergenov N.Zh.